# **Procedure Guide**



This is the place for those who dare to think different

Committee:

Interpol

# Crisis Center

Sarah Petrie Colegio Los Nogales sar-petrie@nogales.edu.co +57 315 792 2510 Sofía Moreno Colegio Santa María <u>sofiamorenor19@gmail.com</u> +57 304 342 3110

### Welcome Letter

#### Esteemed delegates,

Welcome to Interpol! We are thrilled to be your crisis center during this edition of MMUN. During the following days, we hope to see you grow as both delegates and people, and to use the resources provided to make the most out of your time in this special committee. You should consider that this is a crisis-centered committee meaning that we expect you to make the most of the tools that will be provided within the committee. However, we encourage you to take diplomatic and pacific approaches to any situation before resorting to any type of violent means; these recommendations are solely with the purpose of fostering growth within these committees so that you can take intelligent actions that can have a positive impact on the development of the committee. We urge you to reach out at any given moment in time if you have doubts or require help, we will try our best from our abilities to be there for you during this journey. We hope that you can be creative, work along with your fellow delegates, and enjoy this wonderful experience that is sure to be exciting and challenging!

Sofia Moreno and Sarah Petrie.

# **Specification of Relevant Roles**

#### a. Crisis center

Is in charge of generating directives that can give delegates context about current situations regarding captures, movements of suspects, and information of use. The crisis center will furthermore be responding to the directives the delegates send to create a more realistic commission in which the actions and plans that are discussed in the committee can have an impact on the course of the events. In addition, the crisis center will be open to teaching and guiding the delegates so that each one of them has an opportunity to learn about directives, portfolios, and other tools that make up the crisis center.

# b. Chair

The chair has the wonderful duty of guiding the delegates and moderating the debate and discussion. In the committee INTERPOL the chair will help the delegates with any inquiries the delegates may have and nurture the curiosity, growth, and healthy competition of the delegates to make MMUN XIV a safe and fostering environment for all the participants. The chair, made up of two skillful members of the staff, will make clear to all the delegates what the purpose of the committee is and what is expected of each delegate.

#### c. Delegates

The delegates are the key pieces to the functioning of every United Nations model. In this specific committee, the delegates will assume the role of being INTERPOL officers, and using skillfully planned directives they will be able to take actions that can benefit the organization and the entire international community. The delegates will have to debate, compromise, plan, and cooperate with each other to allow the commission to function to its full might. It is expected that the delegates act morally, seeking the welfare of all the attendees and always have in mind that collaboration is a key element of the functioning of MMUN XIV.

# Objetive of the commission

As stipulated in the academic guide, Antonio Anglés is one of the most relevant escape cases in the world. The Interpol committee's goal with will be to solve his case with all the tools available to the organization. As a first checkpoint, determining if Anglés is alive is crucial for this mission. If he is, then delegates must proceed to capture him and his accomplices. If he, on the contrary, is found to be dead, Antonio's accomplices are to become the first priority. This has to be done throughout the redacting of investigation directives, and further approval and response from the crisis center.

#### **Crisis Tools and Directives**

# a. <u>Porfolio power</u>

Is a tool that delegates can use to acquire knowledge or clarify doubts regarding different aspects of the committee. Portfolio powers allow delegates to understand the resources of an entity or understand if an action can be carried out or not. The portfolio power should include questions about the resources or other aspects of the entities the delegates are investigating. The delegates are reminded that the portfolio power is a tool that should only be used when necessary and if the information the delegates are trying to acquire is not available in other sources. It is worth noting that the portfolio powers will be answered as the crisis center deems adequate, so they will not always be answered.

# Structure

Date: current date of the committeeRedacting delegation(s): Which delegate(s) are sending the question.Question(s): The question(s) must be direct and precise.

### b. Directives

Directives are tools that delegates can use to take actions inside the committee to have an impact on the commission. The directives can be either public or private, taking into account the purpose and who can have knowledge about the actions taken. These also have to be aligned with what delegates want to accomplish and the emphasis and the direction the committee has. It is also important to consider the resources of the delegations or institutions so that the actions can be approved by the crisis center. Delegates are reminded that not all the directives sent will be approved by the crisis management.

#### i. Public directives

These directives are used when the delegates will take concrete actions and the whole committee can be aware of the actions taken. They are also known as press releases, where with a formal register, statements are exposed to the committee as the information is provided to a general public or to a specific group about a particular matter. These directives have to include:

Date: the date on which the directive was drafted

# Title of the Directive:

**Redacting countries**: the name(s) of the delegation(s) that drafted the directive.

**Preamble**: all directives must have a clear reason and purpose to be approved by the crisis center

**Description**: must be clear and precise on what action(s) the delegates want to take. It must include:

• A specific place and a date on which the actions will be taken.

• A very clear, step-by-step description of the actions that will be taken.

• A list of resources that the delegates will use and what delegations, governments, or institutions are providing them.

• A list of people involved and what their specific role in the actions will be.

**Objective**(*s*): what do the delegates want to accomplish with the actions taken? (Delegates must remember that the effect of the directive will be decided by the crisis center, therefore, the stated objective is not the mandatory outcome)

**Signatures**: the signatures of all the senders and other parties involved in the drafting of the directive or in the actions that will be carried out.

#### ii. <u>Private Directives</u>

These directives are used only when the delegate(s) **do not** want their actions to be known by the whole committee. In this sense, the delegates will have to specify the method of encryption they will use. The private directives must include:

Date: the date on which the directive was drafted

#### **Title of the Directive:**

**Redacting Countries**: the name(s) of the delegation(s) that drafted the directive.

**Method of encryption**: the delegates must consider the date of creation of the method and what other exterior parties have access to the method of encryption. If the delegates fail to encrypt the directive, it automatically becomes a public directive and can be accessed by all the members of the committee. Some encryption methods include Pigpen or Morse code (though that is easily decoded) among many others. Delegates can also create their own to avoid it being decoded; if delegates decide to do this, there will be a need to send a separate, private directive.

**Preamble**: all directives must have a clear reason and purpose to be approved by the crisis center

**Description**: must be clear and precise on what action(s) the delegates want to take. It must include:

• A specific place and a date on which the actions will be taken.

• A very clear, step-by-step description of the actions that will be taken.

• A list of resources that the delegates will use and what delegations, governments, or institutions are providing them.

• A list of people involved and what their specific role in the actions will be.

**Objective**(s): what do the delegates want to accomplish with the actions taken?

**Signatures**: the signatures of all the senders and other parties involved in the drafting of the directive or in the actions that will be carried out.

The final product of the committee will be a press release.

A press release must include:

- Date: a specific date and time in which the article was published
- Newspaper: an important newspaper whether it is a local news source or a global one. Our recommendation, as the crisis center, is that you use the BBC as it is the only big news source that is certified by the United Nations.
- **Title:** a pertinent title
- **Description:** It must give a summary of what happened during the committee and what was discussed, in addition, it must include the solutions that the delegates got to at the end.

#### **Example of a press release:**

November 20th, 2022

Beijing, China

China Daily

# The World Being Controlled by Liars

The People's Republic of China and The People's Democratic Republic of Korea are once again standing against the tide. After delegations such as the State of Japan and The United States of America came forth and put the United Nations to shame by using conspiracy theories in these settings, China and North Korea knew that they could never work alongside these nations, even when apparently both sides wanted what was best for the international community. However, delegations such as Japan and the United States managed to convince the majority of the other delegations present to join their solutions that once again aspire to have control over the international community. Afterwards, said block showed its double standards and true colors, as The United States and Japan have caused unspeakable suffering to China and North Korea both by using biological weapons against them in the past and specifically during the Korean War. Also, Cuba has found weapons in its territory during an investigation; their owner? The United Kingdom. This shows their lies given the fact that they claim they want peace for the international community while having weapons in external territory.

China and North Korea refuse to obey any resolutions brought forth by this block because they do not think they have the international community's best interests in mind, but their own instead. China and North Korea will keep on protecting their citizens from possible external attacks, which seem to be the greatest threat right now. Meanwhile, they will not accept other actors making false claims about supposed biological weapons in China's or North Korea's territory, because they are absolutely fake and an insult to the nations. The nations conclude by saying that they will always have their citizens and sovereignty as the top priority, and any research made is purely in preparation if in need of defense. Sadly, they must give up trying to make the rest of the world understand how these resolutions disclose the real intentions of nations such as Japan and the United States, but even if most of the world is controlled by them, China and North Korea will not fall victim to these strategies.